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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/584,466	06/22/2006	Klaus Bohmhammel	292190US0PCT	3331
22850 7590 12/18/2008 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314			EXAMINER	
			NGUYEN, COLETTE B	
ALEAANDRIA, VA 22314			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1793	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			12/18/2008	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/584,466	BOHMHAMMEL ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	COLETTE NGUYEN	1793
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 Oct</u> 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro	
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the or	vn from consideration. r election requirement. r. epted or b) □ objected to by the B	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	animer. Note the attached Office	ACTION OF IONITE TO-102.
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 9/22/06 and 9/29/08.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 4. Claims 1-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Roewer et al. (US5,716,590), in view of Corbin et al.(US5,600,040).

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Roewer(590) discloses a process for catalytic hydrodehalogenation of a halogen-containing compound of carbon or silicon such as silicon tetrachloride to trichlorosilane in the presence of hydrogen with a catalyst system comprising of silicon and at least one transition metal. The process is carried out at 100-1000C. He does not disclose a catalyst system comprising elements of group 2 of the periodic table.

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Corbin et al. (040) discloses a process to separate HFC-134 isomers (HFC-134 or HFC-134a by hydrodehalogenation), a refrigeration fluid, using selective sorbents such as carbons and zeolites with alkaline earth metals selected from the group consisting of calcium, strontium, barium and combinations thereof.(Corbin, Col.3, In 47-52). The activated carbon, a supported catalyst, has a total content of 0.1 -10 wt% of alkali and alkaline earth metals (Corbin, col.3, In47-52).

It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to combine the teaching of Corbin of a catalyst with alkaline earth metal such as Barium, Strontium, Magnesium, Calcium (the elements of the Group II in the periodic table), with the disclosures of Roewer of preparing trichlorosilan by hydrodehalogenation of silicon tetrachloride as both processes involve hydrodehalogenation process and the catalyst system of Corbin shows better selectivity and conversion therefore quality improvement in purification can be achieved. With respect to the encompassing and overlapping ranges discussed herewith, the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to select the portion of the prior art range which is within the range of the applicant claims because it has been held prima facie case of obviousness to select

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a value in a known range by optimization for the results. In *re Boesch*, 205 USPQ 215, in *re Malagari*, 182 USPQ 549. For the pressure, space velocity for the reaction, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to optimize these conditions through routine experimentation in order to obtain the best results

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- 5. Regarding claim 1. Roewer in view of Corbin disclose a process for preparing trichlorosilan by catalytic hydrodehalogenation of silicon tetrachloride in the presence of hydrogen, in which an alkaline earth metal such as Barium, Strontium, Magnesium and Calcium and their mixture thereof are used as catalyst at a temperature in the range from 100-1000C (Roewer, Col 1, In 58). The teachings encompass the instant claim
- 6. Regarding claim 3 and 4. Roewer in view of Corbin disclose a process as claim 1 wherein a supported catalyst is used (Col 3, In 57 and Col4. In 5, "activated carbons" and "zeolites").
- 7. Regarding claim 5. Corbin discloses supported catalyst content, calculated as element of 0.1 to 10% by weight (Col3, In 46, "typically the activated carbon used will have a total content of from about 0.1 to 10 weight percent of alkali and alkaline earth metals").
- 8. Regarding claim 6.Roewer teaches a 1 to 20 molecules of H₂ are used per halogen atom. The teaching encompasses the instant claim
- 9. Regarding claim 7. Corbin discloses the reaction can be carried out in a fixed bed reactor, a fluidized-reactor or a moving-bed reactor. (Corbin, Col 5, In. 28-35)
- 10. Regarding claim 8. Roewer in view of Corbin disclose a process as claimed in claim 1 wherein the catalytic reaction is carried out at a temperature in the range from

100- 1000C and at ambient pressure. (Roewer,Col 2, In 57-62, and Col 3, In46-58) and (Corbin, col 2, In 10). The range overlaps the claimed range.

- 11. Regarding claim 9. Roewer in view of Corbin disclose a process as claim 1 wherein Roewer discloses that " the optimum temperature thereby naturally varies for individual compounds, and also depends on process parameters, e.g. on the space velocity with respect to the catalyst" (Col 3, In47-52). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to choose the instantly claimed ranges through process optimization, since it is has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. See in re Boesch, 205 USPQ 215.
- Regarding claim 10. Roewer in view of Corbin disclose a process as claim 1 wherein trichlorosilane is isolated from the product mixture or the product mixture is used further directly.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to COLETTE NGUYEN whose telephone number is (571)270-5831. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 10:00-4:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Curt Mayes can be reached on (571)-272-1234. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/COLETTE NGUYEN/ Examiner, Art Unit 1793

CN December 12, 2008

/Melvin Curtis Mayes/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1793